

Abort,  
Retry,  
Ignore....

Founded 1984 **ARI** is the  
Official Newsletter of  
**Computers Are Easy User Group**

March 2012  
Volume XXIX Issue 3

### Our March, 2012 Presenter:

Jerry Fish will give a presentation on using Picasa.  
If there is time, John Spizzirri will give a mini- presentation on using  
Make Your Own Ringtone  
**Saturday March 24, 2012**

### Choosing a Smartphone By Sandy Berger, CompuKISS [www.compukiss.com](http://www.compukiss.com) sandy (at) compukiss.com

There are so many different smartphones available today that choosing between them can be difficult. Each phone and each operating system has many different pluses and minuses. So today, I'll give you a brief rundown of what you can expect in a smartphone.

Windows Mobile cell phones are just coming of age and they may well be a good choice in the future. However, right now the choice will probably come down to choosing between the Apple iPhone and one of the many Android phones that are now available.

The Android operating system is upgraded several times a year and new Android phones are released all the time. Apple, however only releases a new iPhone and a big update to their iOS operating system once a year. The new iPhone and iOS updates were released in October.

Confirmed meeting dates for 2012  
Room A

March 24  
April 28  
May 26  
June 16 - Annual Picnic

### MEETING PLACE

will be the  
Glenside Public  
Library

\*\* \*\*

\*\*\* \*\*

\*\* \*\*

\*\*\* \*\*

Visitors  
Welcome

HOPE TO SEE YOU  
THERE!!



### Table of Contents

Choosing a Smartphone by Sandy Berger	1
Lamp 135 by John Spizzirri	3
Cerny's Cyber Sense	
What's the Difference Between 'Save' and 'Save As'?	
by Jim Cerny	7
Copyrights, Internet Create a Difficult Conflict	
by Toby Scott	8
March 2012 CD of the Month	10

Con't pg 2

I have installed Apple's new iOS 5 operating system on my iPad, so I have been able to take an in-depth look at most of the new features. Now I am ready to make my list of the benefits of each.

There is no doubt that that the camera on the new iPhone is superior to almost all the Android phone cameras. The retinoid screen on the iPhone is superior to most Android phones. The exception is the Samsung line of phones with AMOLED screens that rival the clarity and crispness of the iPhone screen.

Apple's new iCloud service will automatically backup your iPhone to Apple's servers and let you sync your iPhone, iPad, and Mac computer. While using iCloud is easier than some of the Android syncing and backup solutions, there were things that I didn't like about iCloud. For instance, you can't actually see your data in the Cloud as you can with solutions like Amazon's or Google's online storage.

One of Apple's biggest features is iTunes and the iTunes store. iTunes makes getting music and video on your iPhone easier than any Android application that I've seen. At this time, both the Android Marketplace and the iTunes App Store have hundreds of thousands of apps. The iTunes App Store, however, makes it easier to find the apps that you want. Also because of Apple's stricter app reviews, Apple's apps are more secure. However, the Android Marketplace has a higher percentage of free apps.

Some of the new features on Apple new iPhone are already available on Android phones. The most prominent of these is the Notification Center that Apple just added. This is a feature of Android that has been around for a long time and that I love. Now in either operating system, you can just swipe your finger down from the top of the phone to see all of your alerts, notifications, incoming messages, and incoming email.

The most unique feature of the new iPhone is Siri, a personal assistant who will answer verbal questions that you ask. This would, no doubt, be very useful, entertaining, and truly state-of-the-art.

Android phones also have voice capabilities. They use Google's Voice Search. Most screens that popup a keypad for text entry, also have a small microphone. Just press the microphone and speak. It is amazingly accurate and you can use it for everything from entering email text to searching to navigating to a point on the map. Probably not as sophisticated as Apple's Siri, but it works well.

Android phones also have some things that I love that are not available on iPhones. The first of these is the fact that you can get a larger screen size on an Android. All iPhones currently have a 3.5-inch screen. Several good Android phones have 4.3-inch screens. My aging eyes really like the larger screens.

I also like the four buttons on the bottom of the Android screen. These are very, very useful. There is a Back Key, a Menu Key, a Home Key, and a Search Key. They are always available. They do not change when the screen changes. The iPhone has just one button. Some will argue that this makes the phone easier to use. Yet, this is not always the case. In some applications it is impossible to go back a screen. In others there is an on-screen back button but the location of this button varies with each application. With Android, you can always go back to the previous screen with just one press.

The Android operating system also is more customizable. With Apple, you are restricted to small square apps. With Android you can use many different resizable widgets as well as the standard apps. All of this gives you many different customization options, but also adds to the complexity of the phone. With the iPhone you don't get so many choices. This makes it a bit more restrictive, but also makes it easier to use.

On other difference is that most Android phones have user-replaceable batteries, while an iPhone battery must be replaced by Apple at a greater cost. While this might not be important to the average user it may make a difference to a heavy-duty user.

Well, there are just a few of the pluses and minuses you will have to assess when you buy a new smartphone. Don't worry though; it is hard to make a bad decision as almost all the smartphones on the market today are both capable and useful.

---

**Lamp Post 135**  
**by John Spizzirri**  
**March 18, 2012**



Decorah, Iowa (1) has a web cam overlooking a nest of bald eagles (2). Do not be put off by the advertisement. It is needed to pay for bandwidth. There are three eggs that were laid in February. They will probably hatch some time the first week of April. The chicks will be fed and cared for by the parents for about two months. Through out that time night and day the camera will record their activities. It is restful to watch and listen. During the day there is sometimes traffic noise, but by and large the sounds are that of weather, wind, and birds. The eagles rarely make calls. Their call sounds like high-pitched whistling. The Raptor Resource Project (RRP (3)) is responsible for the web cam. The RRP is an organization that wants to preserve falcons, eagles, ospreys, hawks, and owls. RRP has other web nest cams (4, 5).

- 1) <http://www.decoraharea.com/>
- 2) <http://www.ustream.tv/decoraheagles>
- 3) <http://www.raptorresource.org/>
- 4) [http://www.farmyou.com/falcon\\_cams/index.html](http://www.farmyou.com/falcon_cams/index.html)
- 5) <http://birdcam.xcelenergy.com/osprey.html>

The Lake Michigan Car ferry (LMC (1)) that operates the 58 year old, coal fired S.S. Badger car ferry was given an ultimatum by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA (2)). In 2008 the EPA was ordered to regulate 'vessel discharges' under the Clean Water Act (3). LMC is required to get and comply with a Vessel General Permit (VGP (4)) by December 2012. The problem facing LMC is that 58 year old coal fired steam ships were designed to discharge coal ash to the sea (lake). The VGP no longer will permit that. The EPA said nothing about air quality in the VGP. I'm sure that if LMC does somehow manage to clean up the coal ash either by conversion of some cleaning process, the next thing will be air quality. The VGP requires self incrimination by ship owners when a discharge happens either inadvertently or on purpose. It also requires annual inspections (make work for relatives of connected politicians and bureaucrats). Incidentally, all military craft are exempt from the

Con't pg 4

VGP and it's reporting and inspection requirements. If you have never been on a car ferry, this year may be your last chance to try it on the S.S. Badger. LMC is looking into converting the ship to natural gas, but a conversion may be too costly. If LMC fails, it would mean the direct loss of 200 jobs on the ship and another 500 on shore. The economic impact to Ludington, Michigan (5) and Manitowoc, Wisconsin (6) is in the tens of millions of dollars. An organization has been formed called Save Our Ship (SOS (7)) to help the preservation of the historic ship from the machinations of the government. Fortunately for LMC and SOS, the end of the world will be on December 20, 2012 when the Mayan calendar 'predicts' the end of the world (8), so no compliance will be necessary. Schedule your trip soon to avoid the end of the world rush. By the way, if you book your trip soon there is a discount.

- 1) <http://www.ssbadger.com/home.aspx>
- 2) <http://www.epa.gov/>
- 3) <http://www.epa.gov/lawsregs/laws/cwa.html>
- 4) <http://cfpub.epa.gov/npdes/vessels/vgpermit.cfm>
- 5) <http://www.ludington.mi.us/>
- 6) <http://www.manitowoc.org/>
- 7) <http://www.sosbadger.com/>
- 8) [http://www.adishakti.org/mayan\\_end\\_times\\_prophecy\\_12-21-2012.htm](http://www.adishakti.org/mayan_end_times_prophecy_12-21-2012.htm)

A recent article in the Wall Street Journal (WSJ (1)) brought to mind the late Harry Browne (2). The WSJ headline is '\$100 to Fly Through the Airport' (3). The gist of the article is that the Transportation Security Administration (TSA (4)) will, for a fee (tax), allow an individual to use an express security check in instead of the long lines, intrusive pat downs, and x-rated body scanners. John Pistole, TSA Administrator, was installed in 2010 (5). After nearly two years running the TSA, he figured out that risk based security is better than the security theater (6) that has been the stock in trade of the TSA since its inception. El Al Airlines (7) figured out that risk based security was the only option after the concerted attacks on its planes in the late 60's and early 70's. El Al does not depend on the government for it security. El Al checks passengers for the protection of its equipment and customers. It does not allow people who are security threats to board its airplanes. It only took 35 years for the government to catch on to what can keep air travel safe. If you search "risk based security", the results show that all sorts of government types are touting this 'new' security measure. I think that Harry Browne had it right when he said, "Government is good at one thing: It knows how to break your legs, hand you a crutch, and say, 'See, if it weren't for the government, you wouldn't be able to walk.'" By the way, if you are 75 years old, you will have loosened security checks (8). The only problem is that you must look like you are 75 years old. Who knows who will be the judge of how old you look.

- 1) <http://online.wsj.com/home-page>
- 2) <http://harrybrowne.org/about.htm>
- 3) <http://finance.yahoo.com/news/100-fly-airport-033100993.html>
- 4) <http://www.tsa.gov/>
- 5) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John\\_S.\\_Pistole](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_S._Pistole)
- 6) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Security\\_theater](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Security_theater)
- 7) <http://www.elal.co.il/ELAL/English/States/USA/>
- 8) [http://www.tsa.gov/what\\_we\\_do/Screening\\_for\\_Passengers\\_75\\_and\\_Older.shtm](http://www.tsa.gov/what_we_do/Screening_for_Passengers_75_and_Older.shtm)

If you are looking for the most unusual products, try Dude, I want that! (1). The site aggregates various unusual product sites. It may get a kick back, but it would be difficult to find these products on your own. Products are arranged in a number of categories. At Dude, I want that! are cars, clothing, furniture, sporting goods, and household goods. If you are interested in a trébuchet (2), for instance, plans and scale models are available (3). A trébuchet is a war weapon that predates the cannon by 500 to 600 years. Speaking of war weapons, at another site (4) you can purchase the real things including armored personnel carriers and tanks. These items are not cheap and there is always the question of whether the United States would allow a citizen to import something he or she purchased.

- 1) <http://www.dudeiwantthat.com/>
- 2) <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Trebuchet>
- 3) <http://www.dudeiwantthat.com/entertainment/sporting-goods/stirling-warwolf-trebuchet.asp>
- 4) <http://www.mortarinvestments.eu/>

I will outline a procedure here that may help you if you are experiencing problems with software not working the way you expect or the the way it used to run. To see how many programs need updating, go to File Hippo (1). In the header of the page (see the attached screen shot) is a sentence on the right side that says, "Download our FREE Update Checker". Click on that sentence, download that file, saving it to a location you can remember, and run that file. After a few minutes, a page will be presented in your browser that will display the programs that need updating under the heading 'Updates Detected'.



You can download each program on that page by clicking the green down arrow to the right of each program name. Once it has been downloaded, install it. DO NOT download or install any 'Beta Updates Detected' unless you like to test things or just live dangerously. Once all the updates are installed, run the Update Checker again to make sure all the software has installed properly. This may solve the problem that you may be having with software. During the installation of any program from File Hippo, you may be asked to create a desktop icon, make a program the default for a particular task, install a browser tool bar, or run the program immediately. I generally decline each of those items. Be aware that you may have to un-check a box or two or three during each install.

- 1) <http://www.filehippo.com/>

Product recalls are generally handled well by most major manufacturers. I recently had a client laptop that appeared to have a faulty screen (it lit up but had no data displayed). The way I determined that

the screen was at fault was to plug in a monitor into the Video Graphics Array (VGA (1)) socket on the side of the laptop. When the external monitor worked, that told me that the video card worked, the OS (Windows XP) worked, and that integral screen was probably at fault. After replacing the screen I found it still did not work. It had the same display - blank. That could mean the cable that connected the mother board to the screen may be faulty. Sometimes a cable can have a pinched or broken connector without a visual sign that trauma has occurred to the cable. I replaced it. That did not work. I then went to the HP site. That did not help either. After talking to an HP 'Customer Care Representative', I found out that the laptop had a pending recall that was a year old. Fortunately, the PC was still eligible for the replacement part for free. That part to be replaced was the mother board. I had to make numerous calls to the customer to explain the delays in getting the product running. I am now waiting for the mother board to see if that will solve the problem. In the discovery process about the recall, I found that not all recalls are broadcast to customers. My customer did not know about the recall. If you are experiencing problems, you may want to check for recalls by searching your product manufacturer, model number and the word recall. Searching without the word recall may reveal common problems that others are having. Be sure to check the dates of problems. Some problems are very old and may not apply to your situation. That requires careful reading.

1) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Video\\_Graphics\\_Array](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Video_Graphics_Array)

On April 2 the U. S. Census Bureau (1) will be releasing data from the 1940 census (2). What was the big secret? 72 years kept secret from us mere peons. I guess we will never know because information that would embarrass the government has been erased. Just like the details of the Kennedy assassination are being held for 75 years - 2039 was the release year. Subsequent laws changed that date but 2 percent of the documents are still secret (3). Why? WikiLeaks (4) does us a big favor by releasing documents that should never have been classified to start with. By the way, WikiLeaks releases documents from many countries - not just the United States.

1) <http://www.census.gov/>

2) <http://www.mysanantonio.com/news/article/Census-documenting-Great-Depression-to-be-released-3416185.php>

3) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Assassination\\_of\\_John\\_F.\\_Kennedy#Sealing\\_of\\_assassination\\_records](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Assassination_of_John_F._Kennedy#Sealing_of_assassination_records)

4) <http://wikileaks.org/>

Anonymous (1) is scheduled to shut down the Internet (2) on March 31. The PC World article, as well as most pundits, do not think this attack will be effective because of the way the Internet backbone servers are configured. Many pundits think that this is a joke because the first of April is the next day (April fools). I tend to think it will be a bust as well. Anonymous is very good at pointing out injustice and incompetence, but short on solutions.

1) [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anonymous\\_%28group%29](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anonymous_%28group%29)

2) [http://www.pcworld.com/businesscenter/article/250300/anonymous\\_threatens\\_to\\_ddos\\_root\\_internet\\_servers.html](http://www.pcworld.com/businesscenter/article/250300/anonymous_threatens_to_ddos_root_internet_servers.html)

If you have recently purchased a new smart phone (1), you may be interested in creating your own

ring tones (2). There are a number of sites that offer 'free' ringtones (3, 4, 5). Many of these sites have some free ringtones and many tones where there is a charge. Most of these ringtones do not meet the taste of the membership of CAEUG. If you have a computer playable recorded sound, song, or spoken word, you can turn it into a ringtone (6). The Make Your Own Ringtone web site has a set of simple instructions that, if followed, result is a finished ringtone that can be transferred to the smart phone. Another method is detailed on the WikiHow web site (7). If there is time at the meeting, I will demonstrate how to do this.

- 1) <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Smartphone>
- 2) <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ringtone>
- 3) <http://www.myxer.com/Ringtones/>
- 4) <http://www.phonezoo.com/home.do>
- 5) <http://www.ringophone.com/>
- 6) <http://makeownringtone.com/>
- 7) <http://www.wikihow.com/Make-Your-Own-Ringtone>

Between you, me and the LampPost, that's all for now.

---

### **Cerny's Cyber Sense**

#### **What's The Difference Between "Save" and "Save As..."?**

By Jim Cerny, Director, Sarasota PCUG, Florida

February 2012 issue, Sarasota PC Monitor

[www.spcug.org](http://www.spcug.org)

[jimcerny123 \(at\) gmail.com](mailto:jimcerny123@gmail.com)

My usual answer to this question is "always use Save as...". Well, OK, now why?

First, let me take a moment of your time to show the "save a file" process. If you open a program and create something NEW, when you are done you probably want to save your work. If you click on the "Save" option, guess what? – you will get the "Save as..." Dialog Box. The "Save as..." Dialog Box is important because that is where you can see and change (if you wish to) the following three options:

1. WHERE you save your file – in what folder or disk.
2. The NAME of the file. If it is the first time you are saving the file, you need to give it a good name that means something to you – so you can find it again.
3. The FILE TYPE. Many programs allow you to save a file with a selected file type. I don't want to get into file types here, but that is a great topic for another article.

Ok, so now you save your file with a good file name, right? So the next day comes and you want to OPEN that file you created yesterday and make some changes to it. Once you have made some changes and you want to save the changed file – be careful now – do you click on "Save" or "Save as..."? If you click on "Save" you do NOT get the "Save as..." Dialog Box and BOOM your changed file has TOTALLY REPLACED your previous file with the same name. Thus, your previous file is GONE, and it is NOT in the recycle bin either. But if you always use "Save as...", you will always get the "Save as..." Dialog Box so you can check those three important file options (location/folder, name, and file type). If you choose not to change any of these options, then it is no different than using the "Save" option. But with "Save as..." you always get to see what is going on and you get a chance to change an option if you wish. If you do change the NAME of the file, then you will have

Con't pg 8

two files saved, your old file before your changes and the new file with your changes and the new file name. So if you are in the habit of always using the “Save as...” option whenever you save a file (old or new) you will always be given the chance to change something if you want. Choosing just “Save” will not give you those options unless your file is being saved for the first time.

---

### **Copyrights, Internet create a difficult conflict**

By Toby Scott, Technical Advisor, Channel Islands PCUG, CA

February 2012 issue, The Outer Edge

[www.cipcug.org](http://www.cipcug.org)

tscott (at) scotts.net

Now that the Stop Online Piracy Act and Protect IP Act (SOPA/PIPA) have been defeated, it is time to look at the dynamics of the conflict between copyright holders and Internet hosts.

If a publisher creates a book, you can do pretty much whatever you want to with it. You cannot, however, photocopy it and then sell the copies. This isn't much of a restriction as it is time consuming and expensive in paper and ink to make the copies and in almost all cases it is far easier to just buy another copy from the copyright holder. This has long been a precept of U.S. law.

Things changed with the advent of the Internet. Now, you can copy nearly anything and distribute it for nothing.

Copyright holders are justifiably irked that the sale of one copy of a work can result in the work being distributed to hundreds, thousands or even millions. What makes it even Worse is that in most cases the people making the clones are kids. They have no money, criminal prosecution makes the copyright holders look like ogres and the public thinks the copyright holders are just a bunch of greedy slobs who want to deprive the public of what is rightfully theirs.

So, the copyright holders are attempting to force those who have deep pockets and control some layer of the Internet into being their enforcement arm. This flies in the face of current legal precedents originating with the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. The DMCA essentially provides a safe harbor for online service providers as long as they don't deliberately shelter copyrighted information.

SOPA/PITA was essentially an attempt to repeal the safe harbor provisions of the DMCA. Doing so would have made life much easier for the copyright holders. They could go after companies with deep pockets and force them to take steps to remove copyrighted material — or even prevent it from being uploaded in the first place.

The problem with this solution, at least as far as the online service providers are concerned, is that they would become (at least theoretically) liable for the publication of copyrighted material. Can you imagine Facebook trying to vet every post of every user before the rest of the public could see it? Could Google possibly know whether the content it indexes is copyrighted by the owner of the site? I host about 100 websites on my server. In most cases, I have no idea what my customers put up on their sites. Had SOPA/PIPA passed, we would have had to go out of the webhosting business. We don't have the resources to examine the content, nor the deep pockets necessary to fight if someone protests. And you can't just remove the material as soon as someone claims to be the owners and threaten you with legal action if you don't remove it. People have already started making the

accusation that their work has been pirated simply to shut up viewpoints they disagree with.

It is ironic that just about the time SOPA/PIPA died, the Justice Department closed down Megaupload, one of the largest file download sites. Megaupload allowed users to create accounts, upload files and share with friends. Certainly, lots of the material on the site was copyrighted by others, but a considerable amount was also family pictures, company material for sharing with employees and other perfectly legal material.

As it stands, no one who uploaded can access their data, so someone who thought the data was safe “in the cloud” is without it now. It is possible some may be able to retrieve their data, but appears unlikely at this point.

The key here is that a lot of data at Megaupload was perfectly legal.

Undoubtedly the majority of it was stolen copyrighted material. Not only is the founder in jail, but several employees are as well. It will be interesting to read the details of the criminal trial, assuming it happens in the U.S.

The fact that authorities were able to coordinate an international investigation has some believing that SOPA/PITA were unnecessary. Others claim that given that Megaupload was making hundreds of millions of dollars, mainly from people distributing copyrighted material, it is evidence that more needs to be done.

It is one thing to go after Megaupload, where it is certain that the bulk of the income comes from illegal activities, but it is vastly different for Facebook, where clearly the vast majority of the material is not copyrighted. How far should online service providers go to prevent copyrighted material from being distributed through their servers?

Perhaps more chilling is the thought that should the U.S. force online service providers to create software to screen content, foreign governments could then require them to screen content offensive to the government. Governments already require that they have a backdoor so they can listen to cell phone conversations, and they restrict search engines from indexing certain sites, so coercing online service providers to toe the line could be child’s play. Software that screened for copyright would be more than powerful enough to screen for material critical of a government. That is, of course, if such software could be written in the first place. It’s not clear that it could be.

At some point, the whole concept of copyright and fair use will have to be revisited to take into account the technological advances that are rapidly outdating laws that were created 150 years ago. That’s going to be exceedingly difficult. And it can’t happen until all sides have a reasonable understanding of the issues the other sides face.

## March 2012 CD of the Month

ARI - March newsletter  
Auslogic - Updated disk Defrag tool  
Blink - Lets you log into your PC using your web cam TRIAL ONLY  
cCleaner - Updated Hard drive cleaner  
CDOMlists - Lists of past CDOMs  
DFM2HTML - Web design software  
Firefox - Updated browser  
FlashChecker - Web site to check flash drives  
GOMplayer - Updated media player  
Gspot - Codec info appliance finds what video codecs are needed to play a video  
ISOWorkshop - Burn ISO files to DVD or CD  
LinuxLive - Software to burn a distribution to a flash drive w/ extra features  
MemberContributions - Things e-mailed to me from members  
OldTimeRadio - Old time radio broadcast  
PartedMagic - Updated disk partitioning OS  
Picasa - Updated graphics manipulator  
PSI - Secunia Personal Software Inspector stay secure and up to date  
Safari - Updated browser  
Seamonkey - Updated browser  
Skype - Updated Voice over IP software  
Speccy - Updated hardware inspector  
SpywareBlaster - Updated spyware software  
System Information for Windows - Hardware inspector  
ZoneAlarmRemovalTool - Remove Zone Alarm fire wall suite  
Zoner Photo Studio - Photo editing software

---

### Meeting Location and Special Accommodations

The Glenside Public Library address is at 25 E Fullerton Avenue, Glendale Heights, Illinois. Please park away from the building. Thank you. The meeting(s) are not library sponsored and all inquiries should be directed to Mike Goldberg at MikeGold60137(at)yahoo.com. Individuals with disabilities who plan to attend this program and who require certain accommodations in order to observe and / or participate in the program are requested to contact CAEUG president, Mike Goldberg at MikeGold60137(at)yahoo.com, at least five (5) days prior to the program, so that reasonable accommodation can be made.

---

### Members Helpline

Any member with a specific expertise can volunteer to be on the Members Helpline.

**Beginner Helpline** - Billy Douglas

**Beginner hardware problems** - Dick Fergus

**Hardware problems, XP, Win 7 & Linux** - John Spizzirri

### CAEUG OFFICERS

President	Mike Goldberg	president(at)caeug.net
V.P. (Programs)	Roger Kinzie	randnk(at)att.net
Secretary	Al Skwara	alskwara(at)comcast.net
Treasurer	L. Johnson	Lynnj69(at)frys.com
Newsletter Ed	Kathy Groce	kgroce(at)myway.com
Board Member	Billy Douglas	billdouglas(at)email.com
Webmaster	John Spizzirri	webmaster(at)caeug.net